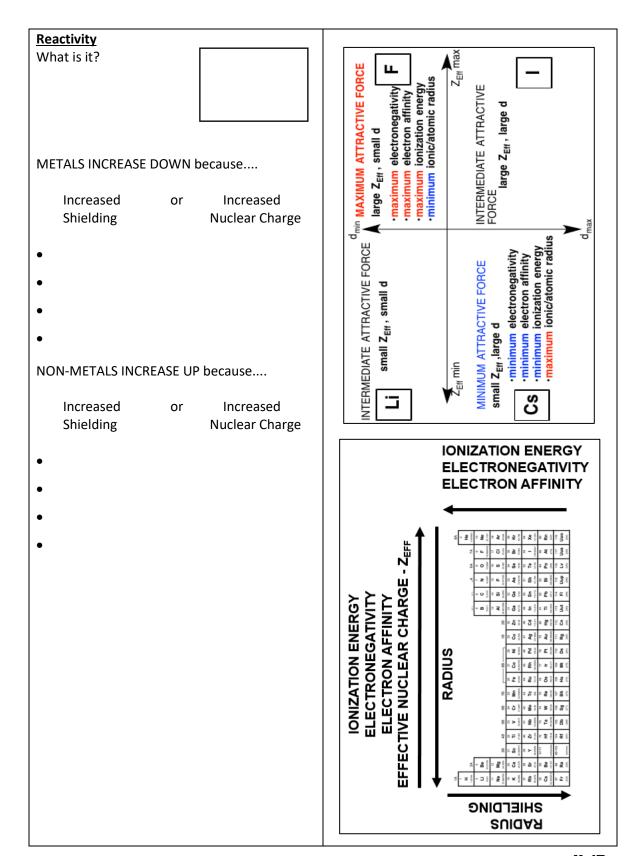
## **EVERYTHING** is about... Radius What is it? 1) 2) INCREASES DOWN because.... Increased or Increased Shielding **Nuclear Charge Shielding Effect** Inner shell electrons \_\_\_\_\_ electrons the outer \_\_\_\_\_ $(\cdot)(\cdot)$ ADAM'S Keeps valence electrons from feeling the: DECREASES TO RIGHT because.... Increased or Increased Shielding **Nuclear Charge Effective Nuclear Charge (Zeff)** The relative \_\_\_\_\_\_ the valence electrons have for the \_\_\_\_\_ in the nucleus. Electrostatic Adding a proton has a Outer electrons **Ionic Radius** Force of Attraction \_\_\_\_\_ effect Cations Anions Nucleus Z than adding an e-. Zeff = \_\_\_\_\_ Z = nuclear attraction = # protons S = core/inner e- shielding the valence e-**Isoelectric Species** = total number of e- minus the e- in the Atoms/lons that have the same # of \_\_\_\_\_ highest occupied s and p energy levels Magnesium: 10 protons 11 protons 12 protons Aluminum: Increased protons pull \_\_\_\_\_ on valence electrons. Radius ends up \_\_\_\_\_

Ionization Energy	Electronegativity
What is it?	What is it?
	J
DECREASES DOWN because	DECREASES DOWN because
Increased or Increased	Increased or Increased
Shielding Nuclear Charge	Shielding Nuclear Charge
•	•
•	•
•	•
•	•
INCREASES TO RIGHT because	INCREASES TO RIGHT because
INCREASES TO RIGHT because	INCREASES TO RIGHT because
Increased or Increased	Increased or Increased
Shielding Nuclear Charge	Shielding Nuclear Charge
Silielaing Nacieal Charge	Silielding Nuclear Charge
	•
	·
•	•
•	•
Subsequent Ionizations	•
Each time e- removed →	
**************************************	
to take next one	
Radius is getting →	
attraction	
HUGE leap in I.E. once it achieves	
·	
Element IE <sub>1</sub> IE <sub>2</sub> IE <sub>3</sub> IE <sub>4</sub>	
Na 496 4560	
Mg 738 1450 7730	
Al 578 1820 2750 11,600	



N-15